## June 2004 Federal Issues and Resolutions Related to VITA Administrative Fee

#### **Issue 1: Administrative Fee**

Is the VITA administrative fee an allowable cost under Federal grants?

#### Conclusion

OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, prescribes the general principles for determining allowable costs and defines allowable and unallowable costs. In addition, OMB Circular A-87 states that each governmental unit, in recognition of its own unique combination of staff, facilities, and experience, will have the primary responsibility for employing whatever form of organization and management techniques may be necessary to assure proper administration of Federal awards."

The VITA administrative fee will be an amount set to recover the actual administrative support costs attendant to the IT services provided to State agencies. As long as the costs covered by the administrative fee are allowable under the provisions of Attachment B and sections A. and G. of Attachment C, of OMB Circular A-87, they are allowable charges to Federal grants and contracts.

VITA will include the costs and the methodology used to allocate the costs to the transferred IT activities in its cost allocation plan, which it will submit as required by OMB Circular A-87 to its Federal cognizant agency for approval (as its predecessor department has in the past).

# Issue 2: Allowability of Depreciation on Equipment Previously Purchased with Federal Funds

Can VITA include in its rate calculation depreciation on equipment previously charged to Federal grants directly?

## Conclusion

No. The cost of equipment funded entirely by the Federal Government and charged to grants or contracts cannot be charged subsequently to grants or contract through depreciation. Depreciation on equipment acquired with Federal funds and transferred to VITA must be excluded from VITA's cost pool used to establish billing rates. See OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, paragraph 15.c. (2).

VITA's Physical IT Asset Inventory System includes a field for agencies to indicate that an asset was purchased with Federal funds. These assets will be excluded from depreciation calculations provided the agency has so indicated when recording their assets.

## Issue 3: Allowability of Direct Charges for Equipment Purchases

Can agencies have VITA purchase IT equipment for the agency's use; bill the agency for the equipment; and exclude the depreciation on equipment from VITA's billing? (Example: VEC use of unexpended grant funds.)?

#### Conclusion

Yes. VITA services include IT services in the form of personal services, equipment and software use charges, and buying services for State agencies. In the event VITA acquires equipment and software for a State agency and is reimbursed by the State agency with Federal funds, depreciation of such equipment cannot be included in billings to Federal programs. See OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, paragraph 15.c. (2).

## Issue 4: Pre-approval of IT Equipment Purchases

Federal agencies require pre-approval of agency IT purchases; will this requirement extend to VITA equipment purchases, the costs of which are recovered through the depreciation component of the service billing rate base?

#### Conclusion

No. VITA is a central service as defined in Attachment A, paragraph B.4, and Attachment C of OMB Circular A-87. Equipment purchases of central service activities are not charged directly to Federal programs, and, accordingly, are not subject to Federal agency pre-approval requirements. Federal programs are charged for IT services, which includes charges for depreciation on equipment used in the delivery of billed services.

Equipment purchases by VITA for other State agencies are subject to Federal agency pre-approval requirements in accordance with grant agreements. Such purchases will not be made without agency authorization.

## **Issue 5: Asset Ownership**

Is equipment purchased with Federal funds owned by the Commonwealth or the acquiring agency?

## Conclusion

The Commonwealth is the owner. "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State, Local, and Tribal Governments," Section 92.32 (a), provides that title to equipment acquired under a grant or subgrant will vest upon acquisition in the grantee or subgrantee, respectively. Section 92.3 defines a grantee as the Government to which the grant is awarded, that is, the entire legal entity even if a particular component of the entity is designated in the award document.

## Issue 6: Changes in Equipment Utilization

Can VITA use equipment acquired by an agency with Federal funds and used solely on a Federal program to serve multiple agencies and/or programs?

#### Conclusion

Yes, unless specifically provided otherwise in the grant program regulations. "Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State, Local, and Tribal Governments," Section 92.32, paragraph (b) provides that a State will use, manage, and dispose of equipment acquired under a grant by the State in accordance with State laws and procedures.

However, it is important that VITA be mindful of the provisions of paragraph (g) of the foregoing Section. This paragraph provides that a Federal agency may reserve the right to transfer title of equipment acquired with Federal funds. VITA will give careful consideration to the use provisions of paragraph (g) when it takes possession of equipment acquired with Federal funds.

VITA will not use equipment acquired with Federal funds for any purpose other than the purpose for which it was acquired without coordinating such a change with the original purchasing agency.

## Issue 7: Sale of Equipment

How will VITA handle proceeds from the sale of equipment acquired with Federal funds?

## Conclusion

"Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State, Local, and Tribal Governments," Section 92.32, paragraph (b) provides that a State will use, manage, and dispose of equipment acquired under a grant by the State in accordance with State laws and procedures.

However, it is important that VITA be mindful of the provisions of paragraph (g) of the foregoing Section. This paragraph provides that a Federal agency may reserve the right to transfer title of equipment acquired with Federal funds. VITA will give careful consideration to the use provisions of paragraph (g) when it takes possession of equipment acquired with Federal funds.

VITA will not sell equipment acquired with Federal funds without coordinating such a sale with the original purchasing agency.

## **Issue 8: Allowability of Direct Charge Salaries**

Time and effort reporting is a requirement for personnel charges to Federal grants; during transition to a rate based system, will VITA be able to identify the grants to which its direct charge salaries relate?

## Conclusion

OMB Circular A-87, Attachment B, paragraph 11(h), addresses the support requirements for salaries and wages. VITA currently has no automated way to

identify the specific grants to which direct charge salaries relate. VITA and State agencies working collaboratively will identify the time worked on Federal programs by employees in a manner that fully complies with this requirement.

## **Issue 9: Third Party services**

Are VITA services (e.g., patient billings) on behalf of state hospitals reimbursable under Medicaid?

#### Conclusion

Allowable costs of central services are allowable under all Federal programs unless otherwise prohibited or limited by program legislation. We are unaware of any prohibitions against charging otherwise allowable central service costs to Medicaid.

## **Issue 10: Interagency Billings**

Will costs associated with providing IT services to hospitals continue to be recoverable from billings to the DMAS/Medicaid?

### Conclusion

Allowable costs of central services are allowable under all Federal programs unless otherwise prohibited or limited by program legislation. We are unaware of any prohibitions against charging otherwise allowable central service costs to Medicaid.

### Issue 11: Rate base cost variances

How will VITA handle income over expenses or losses?

#### Conclusion

Income over expenses will be considered in the setting of future rates.

## Issue 12: Allowability of duplicate services

The costs of certain agency administrative services do not change substantially by the transfer of a portion of such services to VITA. Example: Purchasing. This has the effect of increasing the cost of such services to Federal programs, consequently, the Feds may push back because its programs do not benefit from the service transfer. Will the cost of both VITA and agency services be allowed?

#### Conclusion

Generally yes. OMB Circular A-87, Attachment A, paragraph A.1 provides that "The principles are for the purpose of cost determination and are not intended to identify the circumstances or dictate the extent of Federal or governmental unit participation in the financing of a particular program or project." This provision provides discretion to Federal agencies. However, of equal importance is the provision of the Circular that provides that "The principles are designed to provide that Federal awards bear their fair share of cost recognized under these principles, except where restricted or prohibited by law." Paragraph A.2.a. (3) of Circular A-87 states that "Each governmental unit, in recognition of its own unique combination of staff,

facilities, and experience, will have the primary responsibility for employing whatever form of organization and management techniques may be necessary to assure proper administration of Federal awards." The foregoing "fair share" principle considered with the "management discretion" principle makes it difficult to disallow these costs, especially in light of the overall cost reduction and operating efficiency objectives of central service activities, such as VITA.

#### **Issue 13: Indirect Cost Rate**

Movement of equipment or personnel may impact an agency's current indirect cost rate (approved or otherwise); what action needs to be taken to address this?

### Conclusion

No action is required if the affect on cost pool underlying the rate and Federal reimbursement is minimal. The affect of the change is simply to change the character of expenses from personal services and equipment purchases to IT service costs. If the affect on the cost pool and the Federal reimbursement is material, the agency should address the matter by contacting the grantor or cognizant cost negotiation agency for guidance.

## Issue 14: Allowability of increased costs for similar or like services

VITA services with the fee may be greater than the cost of current services. Will the cost increases be allowed by Federal agencies?

### Conclusion

The VITA administrative fee will be an amount set to recover the actual administrative support costs attendant to the IT services provided to State agencies. As long as the costs covered by the administrative fee are allowable under the provisions of Attachment B of OMB Circular A-87, they are allowable charges to Federal grants and contracts.

## Virginia Information Technologies Agency Overview for Use in Advanced Planning Documents

The 2003 General Assembly created the Virginia Information Technologies Agency (VITA) to bring significant efficiencies and service improvements to the Commonwealth's technology infrastructure by consolidating its IT activities under a centralized management.<sup>1</sup> The legislation also provided effective oversight by creating the Information Technology Investment Board (ITIB) to govern the direction of and investment in information technology (IT) in the Commonwealth. VITA is led by a Chief Information Officer who reports to the ITIB.

VITA is responsible for supporting all IT infrastructure operations at 90 executive branch agencies, including personal computers, laptops, servers and networks, and provides computer and telecommunications services throughout the Commonwealth. Information technology applications support, however, remains with the agencies.

VITA is the successor Agency to the former Department of Information Technology (DIT) and will continue to provide the more limited support services provided by that organization to the Commonwealth's operating departments. Recognizing the potential disruption that responsibility transfers can have on on-going operations, VITA is transitioning to its newly designated duties through a controlled process. The transition process is particularly attentive to the requirements of the Commonwealth's Federally-supported programs contained in the program and costing/billing regulations of the Federal administrating agencies. The transition will phase in its assumption of responsibilities for the provision of IT services to the operating departments and the programs they administer, including programs supported by the Federal government, over a period of several years. During this period VITA will gradually assume responsibility for the IT functions of Commonwealth's operating departments. VITA assumed responsibility for the smaller sized departments during fiscal year 2004, the medium sized departments and the Department of Transportation in FY 2005, and will assume responsibility for the larger departments over a period of time beginning in FY2005. During this period, VITA IT support will consist of two general categories of services/activities - those which the former Department of Information Technology (DIT) had been providing ("legacy services") and those which have been previously performed within the Commonwealth's many operating departments.

Those legacy services which had been provided and billed for by DIT will continue to be provided and billed by VITA under the same procedures. Those services which had been previously performed within the operating departments will now be provided by VITA in accord with the needs of, and as requested by, the operating departments and will be billed to the departments at cost in accord with VITA's cost allocation procedures approved by its cognizant Federal agency.

Beginning in fiscal year 2005, VITA will begin transforming the IT infrastructure of the 90 operating departments to gain further efficiencies and cost savings. This

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See Governor Warner's <u>Strategic Plan for Technology</u> and the passage of <u>House Bill 1926</u> (Nixon) and <u>Senate Bill 1247</u> (Stosch).

"transformation" phase will be coordinated with the operating departments and encompass consolidation of facilities, hardware and software that results in shared computing environments and lower operating costs for state agencies; realignment and redeployment of onsite VITA staff (in the agencies) to optimize skill-sets and labor resource requirements across the state; deployment of innovative technology solutions that improve agency operations and citizen services; and implementation of cost-saving initiatives that reduce the overall cost of technology to the Commonwealth.

Once full integration and transformation activities are complete, the Commonwealth's overall information technology infrastructure operations will be more efficient, cost effective and up-to-date as a result.